

[FOR THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER.] **WHITEWASH FOR FENCES, &c.**

CEDAR CREEK, N. C.

Please give us, through your valuable paper, a good recipe for a whitewash for board fences, &c.

Yours,

E. J. EDWARDS.

We have a number of these, but we applied to one of our best painters, Mr. S. V. House, of this city, who kindly furnished us the following:

"Slack one peck of lime, dissolve one pound of alum and pour into the lime and stir thoroughly; dissolve one pound of glue and pour it into the mixture while yet hot and stir constantly until the whole is thoroughly mixed. It is now ready for use. This or any other ordinary whitewash will scale off after exposure, but if another application be made as it begins to scale, it will soon get so it will stay on for a long while."

Our farmer friends, will find this a very cheap recipe, and we want to hear from those who try it, so that if it proves good, as we doubt not it will, others may have the benefit of it. Whitewash and paint brushes would add greatly to the appearance of our farms, and should be more freely and extensively used.

DEMANDS OF THE NATIONAL FARMERS' ALLIANCE UPON CONGRESS.

Below we print in full the demands made by the National Farmers' Alliance in convention at Shreveport.

They are sound to the core and show in ringing language the more important purposes of this great body, and the ends they propose to achieve.

This body was composed of farmers representing all the Southern States, and the resolutions appended were passed unanimously.

Resolved, That we the National Farmers' Alliance and Co-operative Union of America, in convention assembled, advocate and endorse the following principles as in accord with the sentiments and demands of the tillers of the soil:

1st. We demand, first, the recognition, by incorporation, of trades, unions, co-operative stores and such other associations as may be organized by the industrial classes to improve their financial condition, or promote their general welfare.

2d. We demand that the all public lands be held in small bodies, not exceeding three hundred and twenty acres to each purchaser, for actual settlers, on easy terms of payment.

3d. That large bodies of land held by private individuals or corporations, shall be assessed for taxation, at such rates as they are offered to purchasers, on a credit of one, two and three years, in bodies of one hundred and sixty acres or less.

4th. That whereas, large bodies of our public lands, have been sold to foreign capitalists, thus tending to the establishment of a landed aristocracy in this country, similar to that which has reduced the people of Ireland, and other monarchical Governments, to a condition of abject serfdom; we demand the passage of laws forbidding the ownership of lands, by aliens, whose allegiance belongs to other nations, and that the public domain be held as the heritage of our own people and our children after us.

5th. That all lands forfeitable by railroads or other corporations, immediately revert to the government and be declared open for purchase by actual settlers, on the same terms as other public lands.

7th. We demand that all fences be removed, by force if necessary, from public lands unlawfully fenced by cattle companies, syndicates, or any other form or name of monopoly.

8th. We demand the extinguishment of the public debt of the United States by operating the mints to their fullest capacity, in coining silver and gold; and the tendering of the same without discrimination, to the public creditors of the Nation, according to contract.

9th. We demand the substitution of legal-tender treasury notes for the issues of national banks; that the Congress of the United States shall regulate the amount of such issue by per capita circulation, that shall increase and keep pace with the growth of the country's population, and the expansion of her business interests. We further demand the repeal of the present National banking system.

10th. We demand that the department of agriculture be made one of the departments of State; that it shall be increased in scope and efficiency, and in connection therewith there shall be established a bureau of labor statistics.

11th. We demand the enactment of laws to compel corporations to pay their employees according to contract, in lawful money for their services, and the giving to mechanics and laborers a first lien upon the products of their labor to the extent of their full wages.

12th. That the laws relating to the suppression of the transmission of immoral, profane or obscene literature through the mails, be made more stringent; and be extended so as to suppress the transmission of such literature by any public carrier.

13th. We demand that the U. S. Government purchase, by right of eminent domain, the telephone and telegraph lines, and operate them as adjuncts of the U. S. postal service.

14th. That in view of the fact that the delegates to this body represent a majority of the cotton producers of the cotton belt of America, which belt produces over two-thirds of the cotton of the whole world, and in view of the further fact that two-thirds of the cotton in the cotton belt is demanded and used for export to a foreign power, which fixes the price on every pound of our cotton; and in view of the fact that the said power is debared from returning to this country a single yard of manufactured cotton, thereby making said power interested in crowding down to the lowest figure the price of cotton; we hereby demand that the U. S. Government adopt a speedy system of reduction of the import duty on manufactured cottons, in such a way as to do justice to this, the greatest of all classes of producers.

14th. We demand such a revision of the tariff as will lay the heaviest burdens on the luxuries and the lightest on the necessities of life; and as will reduce the incomes from imports to a strictly revenue basis.

15th. That as a remedy against the unjust accumulation and encroachment of capital, we demand a graduated income tax.

16th. That as upon the intelligence of the people depend the stability and perpetuity of our own free government, we demand for the masses a well regulated system of industrial and agricultural education.

17th. That we oppose the continued influx of pauper labor from the monarchies of Europe, whose anarchic views and communistic doctrines are breeding discontent, and disloyalty to law, order, peace and good government; and by an overplus of worthless labor, reducing our own laboring classes to starvation, we therefore demand more stringent laws to prevent this country being further used as an asylum for the communists and paupers of other countries.

18th. We demand that the constitutions, both State and National, be so amended as to provide for the election of U. S. Senators by direct vote of the people.

CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA FARMERS' ASSOCIATION, ADOPTED JAN. 26, 1887.

As a means for securing the co-operation of the farmers of the State in a common effort to improve the condition of our agricultural interests, we propose a permanent State organization, and for its government to adopt the following Constitution and By-Laws and Declaration of principles:

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE 1. This organization shall be composed of those only whose chief interest is in farming, and shall be styled and known as the North Carolina Farmers' Association.

ARTICLE 2. Others may be admitted as honorary members, but shall not be entitled to vote.

OFFICERS.

The officers of the Association shall be a President, one Vice-President from each Congressional district in the State; a Secretary and two assistant Secretaries, Treasurer, and an Executive Committee of five, all of whom shall be elected annually at the regular meeting.

THE PRESIDENT.

ARTICLE 3. It shall be the duty of the President to preside at each meeting of the Association and maintain order and enforce the rules and regulations of the Association.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

ARTICLE 4. In the absence of the President it shall be the duty of some one of the Vice-Presidents to perform the duties of the President.

SECRETARY.

ARTICLE 5. It shall be the duty of the Secretary to keep a correct record of the proceedings of the Association and to conduct the correspondence of the Association with the aid of the Assistant Secretaries. The Secretary shall provide all necessary books, blank forms and stationery for the use of the Association, to be paid for by the Treasurer when approved by the President.

TREASURER.

ARTICLE 6. It shall be the duty of the

Treasurer to receive all moneys, keep a correct account of the same and pay it out only as directed by the Association.

ARTICLE 7. The Biennial Session of The Farmers' Association shall be held in the city of Raleigh on the second Wednesday in January, as an advisory body to the General Assembly.

BY-LAWS.

1. At the opening of each annual session the President shall deliver an address relating to the interest of the Association.

2. Immediately after his address the President shall appoint a committee on credentials consisting of five, whose duty it shall be to proceed to enroll those who may be entitled to membership, by presenting to each, the following for his signature:

I hereby certify that I am a practical farmer and that my chief interest is farming or stock raising:

Name.....

Postoffice..... County.....

3. Each member shall be required to pay at the time of the enrollment of his name, the sum of twenty-five cents as an annual membership fee.

4. The names enrolled shall be recorded and announced by the Secretary, and these alone shall be entitled to vote on any question coming before the Association.

5. The President shall appoint standing committees of five each, on the following subjects: Homestead, mortgage and lien laws; Commercial Fertilizers; Composting and Home-made manures; State Department of Agriculture; Industrial Education; Public Roads; Immigration; Rotation of crops and Drainage; Grasses, Stock and Stock laws; Miscellaneous subjects.

6. To these committees respectively shall be referred all resolutions and papers, read before the Association and without debate.

7. A Committee on Finance, consisting of three members, shall be appointed by the President at each meeting, whose duty it shall be to examine the books of the Treasurer and audit his account and report to the Association.

8. All resolutions, petitions, memorials, &c., shall be in writing and signed by the persons presenting them.

9. Twenty members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

10. Farmers' township clubs, county clubs and granges, shall be entitled to send one or more delegates to the regular annual meetings.

11. This Constitution and By-Laws may be amended at the regular annual meeting by a two-third vote of the members present.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

First. For relief from present distress, we must rely under the blessing of God mainly upon ourselves. We must be more industrious, more economical, live more within our means, and provide a better education for the masses of the people.

Second. The interests of the farmer and of the laborer are identical, whatever benefits the one will benefit the other. The farmers are laborers and we make common cause with all laborers everywhere in securing for them and ourselves a just recompense for labor, and the equal right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

Third. The land holder should own his land exclusively, save only the right of the public to pass over it on roads, and highways. The custom which has grown up of having all land common property for purposes of grazing and stock raising is exceedingly injurious and often ruinous to the farmer. Separate property in land is the foundation of industry, economy and thrift.

Fourth. The cash system is the best. Pay as you go. Avoid the chattel mortgage. It is a device by which the farmer is compelled to purchase at inflated prices and pay with sound currency.

Fifth. Avoid litigation and as far as may be live peaceably with all men.

Sixth. Cultivate less land. Improve the land by drainage and a rotation of crops. Make on the farm more grain and grasses and feed them to improved stock, and make less cotton and tobacco.

Seventh. System is a law of God, to secure it we must have co-operation and organization. We most earnestly commend to our brother farmers throughout the State to organize, (whether it be through the Grange or Farmers' Clubs,) in every township and county, and discuss improved methods in all that relates to farm husbandry, and report through the columns of THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER, the organ of the Association.

COUNTY ALLIANCES.

NAME.	SECRETARY.	POSTOFFICE.
Robeson,	Carry Brown,	Lumberton
Richmond,	D. D. McIntyre,	Laurinb'g.
Anson,	J. A. McLaughlin,	Long Pine.
Columbus,	A. M. Burton,	Evergreen.
M'Klenburg,	F. S. Neal,	Derita.
M'Gonery,	H. T. Scarborough,	Mt. Gilead.
Wake,	W. G. Crowder,	Cary.
Cumberland,	J. P. McLean,	Fay'tville.
Moore,	J. W. Watson,	Jonesboro.
Granville,	W. P. White,	Wilson.
Johnston,	J. C. Ellington,	Clayton.

TO FARMERS ALLIANCES.

The work of sending out charters out-fits, blanks &c. to Alliances organized since the formation of our State Alliance has been unavoidably delayed by the inability of the Alliance Publishing House to meet the heavy demand made upon it. I obtained a limited number however and

have been sending them out as rapidly as possible. We are deficient in Rituals and State Constitutions, but hope to be supplied in a few days. I will mail charters to all Alliances not supplied as reported to me, in a few days.

I have mailed to all the Secretaries of the Subordinate and county Alliances that are recorded in this office the necessary blanks for making their quarterly reports. Secretaries of Subordinate Alliances where no county Alliance has been organized, well make their report direct to this office. As the regular quarterly meeting of the county Alliances will be held on the first Friday in January, I would urge on all Secretaries of Subordinate Alliances the importance and necessity of making their reports to their county Secretaries in due time as prescribed by law.

Fraternally,

L. L. POLK,
 Sec'y N. C. F. S. Alliance.

ALLIANCE ORGANIZERS.

(OFFICIAL.)

The demand for organizers, is so earnest and general among our farmers in all sections of our State, and applications for commissions are being made in such irregular form, that it is deemed, for the more expeditious and more thorough and efficient organizations of our State, that a number of earnest, competent and devoted brethren be commissioned at the earliest practicable time, and sent to different portions of the State.

This is, therefore, to notify such as may desire commissions, that applications should be made, by letter, to the President of the State Alliance, Charlotte, N. C., or in person to our State Organizer, Bro. N. H. C. Elliott. In either case the applicant must furnish testimonials as to character, capacity and fitness for the work. In all cases it is absolutely essential to good work and success, that the organizer should be thoroughly instructed in the secret work of the order and in the principles, purposes and business plans of the order. The State Organizer being thoroughly versed in all the work of the order, in detail will gladly impart full instructions to all who may be appointed. It is highly important that each one appointed should spend a few days with the State Organizer, in his work and thus learn practically the duties he must perform. We want good, earnest, active, capable men for this work, and men of character and integrity, who will devote themselves faithfully to it.

By order of S. B. ALEXANDER,
 Pres't N. C. State Farmers' Alliance.
 L. L. POLK, Sec'y State Alliance.

DEPUTY ORGANIZERS FOR N. C.

(OFFICIAL.)

The following officers have been duly appointed and commissioned as organizers of the Farmers' National Alliance and Co-operative Union of America, for North Carolina:

National Lecturer and State Organizer,
 N. H. C. Elliott.
 N. Gibbon, Derita.
 J. P. Barnes, Sterling.
 J. Springs Davidson, Hopewell.
 C. E. McCullers, Guilley's Mills.
 D. P. Meachum, Raleigh.
 W. G. L. Allen, Falls.
 C. W. McKay, Martindale.
 R. K. Blake, Lumberton.
 Geo. C. Ratcliffe, Deep Creek.
 Dr. J. F. Harrell, Whiteville.
 Hill E. King, Pea Nut.
 D. McNeil, Montpelier.
 C. McDonald, Concord.
 H. T. Scarborough, Mt. Gilead.
 W. H. Urely, Raleigh.
 H. W. Graham, Swan's Station.
 V. N. Seawell, Sanford.
 James D. Henly, Jonesboro.
 S. Orho Wilson, Henderson.
 J. S. Barbee, Morrisville.
 W. T. Barrow, Youngsville.
 W. R. Bennett, New Hill.
 H. D. Mason, Williams Mills.
 T. R. Christman, Archer Lodge.
 E. W. Lykes, Charlotte.
 J. O. A. Kelly, Broadway.
 D. A. Clark, Dry Creek.
 J. W. Smith, Eagle Rock.
 T. W. Kendall, Long Pine.

Other organizers will be appointed and assigned in the above territory, as necessity may require.

All organizers are required by our State Constitution to make a monthly report, through the State organ of the Alliance (THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER) of the work done during that month for the general information of the order.

By order of S. B. ALEXANDER,
 Pres't N. C. State Farmers' Alliance.
 L. L. POLK, Sec'y S. F. A.

OFFICERS OF THE N. C. FARMERS' ASSOCIATION.

Elias Carr, of Edgecombe, President.
 One Vice-President for each Congressional District.

1st, Willis R. Williams, of Pitt; 2nd, Capt. W. A. Darden, of Greene; 3rd, G. Z. French, of Pender; 4th, Col. W. F. Green, of Franklin; 5th, H. E. Fries, of Forsyth; 6th, J. S. Reid, of Mecklenburg; 7th, W. H. Hobson; 8th, Burwell Blanton; 9th, W. H. McClure, of Clay.

Secretary, B. F. Hester, of Granville. Assistant Secretaries, S. Orho Wilson, of Wake, and C. McDonald, of Cabarrus. Treasurer, W. E. Benbow, of Guilford.

Executive Committee, Dr. D. R. Parker, of Randolph; Prof. A. McIver, of Orange; D. McN. McKay, of Harnett; L. L. Polk, of Wake; and C. McDonald, of Cabarrus.

Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE No. 29.
 Taking effect 5:00 A. M., Monday, Dec. 19th, 1887.

TRAINS MOVING NORTH.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.	Passenger and Mail.	Freight and Accom'dat'n
Leave Bennettsville.....	8.30 A. M.	1.30 P. M.
Arrive Maxton.....	9.40 "	3.35 "
Leave Maxton.....	9.57 "	4.15 "
Arrive Fayetteville.....	11.50 "	8.10 "
Leave Fayetteville.....	12.05 P. M.	8.30 A. M.
Arrive Sanford.....	2.17 "	12.30 P. M.
Leave Sanford.....	2.40 "	1.33 "
Arrive Greensboro.....	6.00 "	7.45 "
Leave Greensboro.....	10.10 A. M.	
Arrive Pilot Mountain.....	3.00 P. M.	

Passenger and Mail, No. 1—Dinner at Sanford.

Passenger and Mail, No. 11—Dinner at Germantown.

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.	Passenger and Mail.	Freight and Accom'dat'n
Leave Pilot Mountain.....	4.10 P. M.	
Arrive Greensboro.....	8.30 "	
Leave Greensboro.....	10.00 A. M.	7.45 A. M.
Arrive Sanford.....	1.30 P. M.	2.15 P. M.
Leave Sanford.....	1.50 "	3.15 "
Arrive Fayetteville.....	4.15 "	7.05 "
Leave Fayetteville.....	4.30 "	5.30 A. M.
Arrive Maxton.....	6.37 "	9.00 "
Leave Maxton.....	6.40 "	9.45 "
Arrive Bennettsville.....	8.00 "	12.00 noon.

Passenger and Mail, No. 2—Dinner at Sanford.

FACTORY BRANCH—FREIGHT AND ACCOMMODATION.

TRAINS MOVING NORTH.

Leave Millboro.....	8.05 A. M.	4.25 P. M.
Arrive Greensboro.....	9.40 "	6.00 "

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

Leave Greensboro.....	1.30 P. M.	
Leave Factory Junction.....	2.30 "	5.35 P. M.
Arrive Millboro.....	3.15 "	6.15 "

Passenger and Mail Trains run daily except Sunday.

Freight and Accommodation Train runs from Fayetteville to Bennettsville and return on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; from Fayetteville to Greensboro on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and from Greensboro to Fayetteville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Trains on Factory Branch run daily except Sunday.

W. E. KYLE, General Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, General Superintendent.

Carolina Central R. R. Company.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT,
 Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 27, 1885.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE FOLLOWING schedule will be operated on this railroad.

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

No. 1.	Leave Wilmington at.....	7.00 P. M.
	Leave Raleigh at.....	7.35 P. M.
	Arrive at Charlotte at.....	7.30 A. M.
No. 2.	Leave Charlotte at.....	8.15 P. M.
	Arrive at Raleigh at.....	9.00 A. M.
	Arrive at Wilmington at.....	8.25 A. M.

LOCAL FREIGHT—PASSENGER CAR ATTACHED.

Leave Charlotte at.....	7.40 A. M.
Arrive at Laurinburg at.....	5.45 P. M.
Leave Laurinburg at.....	6.15 A. M.
Arrive at Charlotte at.....	4.40 P. M.
Leave Wilmington at.....	6.45 A. M.
Arrive at Laurinburg at.....	5.30 P. M.
Leave Laurinburg at.....	5.30 A. M.
Arrive at Wilmington at.....	5.40 P. M.

Local Freight between Wilmington and Laurinburg Tri-weekly—leaving Wilmington on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Leave Laurinburg on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Passenger trains stop at regular stations only, and points designated in the Company's Time Table.

SHELBY DIVISION, PASSENGER, MAIL, EXPRESS AND FREIGHT.

(Daily except Sundays.)

No. 3.	Leave Charlotte at.....	8.15 A. M.
	Arrive Shelby at.....	12.15 P. M.
No. 4.	Leave Shelby at.....	1.40 A. M.
	Arrive at Charlotte at.....	5.40 P. M.

Trains No. 1 and 2 make close connection at Hamlet with R. & A. Trains to and from Raleigh. Through Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Charlotte and Raleigh and Charlotte.

Take Train No. 1 for Statesville, Stations on Western N. C. R. R., Asheville and points West. Also, for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points Southwest.

L. C. JONES, Superintendent.

W. F. Clark, General Passenger Agent.

UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE

State Agricultural and Mechanical College.

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A beautiful, well-ordered farm. Courses in Agriculture, Mechanics, Engineering, General Science, Applied Chemistry, Latin, Science, &c. The military discipline is faithful, but reasonable. Situation beautiful and very healthy. A home-like infirmary with free medical attention and nursing for the sick. Tuition \$40. Best Board \$10 per month. Total expenses for nine months, \$175. Eighteenth session begins Sept. 1st, 1887. For full particulars, address

Dr. CHAS. W. DABNEY, Jr., President, Knoxville, Tenn.

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